

## Curriculum vitae

**Name: Mukta Agarwal**

**Age/Sex: 37 yrs/female**

**Date of birth: 15<sup>th</sup> August**

**Date of Joining: 13<sup>th</sup> March'2013**

**Designation: Assistant Professor**

**Department: Obstetrics & Gynaecology**

**Educational qualification:**

Attach a passport size photo if submitting a hard copy



Degree	University	Year of acquiring the degree
Under-graduation	KGMU, LUCKNOW	2004
Post-graduation	KGMU, LUCKNOW	2008
Postdoctoral		
Any other		

**Awards/Fellowship (Best 3):**

Name of the award/Fellowship	Awarding body	Year
Hewett Gold Medal	KGMU, LUCKNOW	2005
	KGMU, LUCKNOW	2005
N.B. DAS Gold Medal	KGMU, LUCKNOW	2008

**Publications (Best 10): Attach list**

- 1. Cervical Cancer: Genetic factor- Consequences and complications. Agarwal M., Saxena A. Indian Journal of Obstetrics & Gynaecology. vol. 7, No. 1, Jan- Mar, 2017; pg. 40-43**
- 2. Retrospective analysis of patients with hypothyroidism during pregnancy at a tertiary care Centre: Obstetric and neonatal outcome. Mukta Agarwal, Sutapan Samanta, Divendu Bhushan. Journal of harmonized research – medical & health sciences, 2017, 4(1), 08-11. ISSN 2395- 6046**

3. **Assessing knowledge, attitude, and practice of contraception: a cross-sectional study among patients in a semi-urban tertiary hospital. Agarwal M et al. Int J Reprod Contracept Obstet Gynecol. 2017 Feb;6(2):720-724 www.ijrcog.org pISSN 2320-1770 | eISSN 2320-1789**
  
4. **Hypopituitarism: A preventable cause of maternal mortality. Divendu Bhushan, Mukta Agarwal. Indian Journal of Community & Family Medicine, Vol. 2, Issue 02, Jul-Dec, 2016, pg. 64-66**
  
5. **Localized Cavernous Hemangioma of Uterus: A Rare Cause of Abnormal Uterine Bleeding .Mukta Agarwal et al. journal of case reports, published online: 20 August- 2016. DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.17659/01.2016.0094>**
  
6. **A rare case of abdominal lymphangioma masquerading an adenaxal mass. Mukta Agarwal, Divendu Bhushan, Prashant Singh, Poonam Bhadani. Int J Reprod Contracept Obstet Gynecol. 2016 May;5(5):1637. www.ijrcog.org. pISSN 2320-1770 | eISSN 2320-1789. DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.18203/2320-1770.ijrcog20161340>.**

7. **A case report of young hypertensive with primary amenorrhea: uncommon variant of congenital adrenal hyperplasia.** Divendu Bhushan, Mukta Agarwal. *Int J Reprod Contracept Obstet Gynecol.* 2015 Oct;4(5):1642-1644. [www.ijrcog.org](http://www.ijrcog.org). pISSN 2320-1770 | eISSN 2320-1789. DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.18203/2320-1770.ijrcog20150769>.

8. **Evaluation of an effective and cheap analgesic protocol prior to intra-uterine device insertion in a developing country.** Jai Bhagwan Sharma, Mukta Agarwal, Debjyoti Karmakar, Sunesh Kumar. *Int J Reprod Contracept Obstet Gynecol.* 2015 Aug;4(4):xx. [www.ijrcog.org](http://www.ijrcog.org). pISSN 2320-1770 | eISSN 2320-1789. DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.18203/2320-1770.ijrcog20150001>

9. **“Evaluation of mifepristone as a once a month contraceptive pill”** *American journal of obstetrics and gynaecology*, may'2009. [www.AJOG.org](http://www.AJOG.org)

10. **“Assessment of ovarian reserve in infertility”** *Journal of obstetrics and gynaecology of India* vol.59,No.6:Nov/Dec 2009

#### **Research: (At AIIMS Patna)**

1. Ongoing:
  - A. Evaluation of Gynaecological Problems among Adolescent Girls Attending Gynaecology Department in AIIMS, Patna
  - B. To compare the effect of Sildenafil citrate and G- CSF on endometrial thickness in infertile women
  - C. Distribution pattern of high risk factors in obstetric patients in a tertiary care centre.
  - D. A randomized control trial comparing clinical outcome of thyroxine supplementation in thyroid peroxidase antibody negative subclinical hypothyroid cases in pregnancy.
  - E. Antenatal Hydronephrosis: Disease course & it's correlation with post- natal Outcome
2. Completed:

- A. Assessment of satisfaction level among patient being treated in Gynaecology department through NHS validated questionnaire.
- B. A prospective randomized control trial for comparison of anaesthetic experience of local anaesthesia spray versus oral analgesics for minor gynaecological procedures
- C. A prospective randomized control trial for comparison of anaesthetic experience of local anaesthesia (paracervical block) versus monitored

**Areas of interest:**

**Laproscopy, infertility**

**\*Clinic schedule:**

<b>Days in OPD</b>	<b>Timing</b>
<b>Monday</b>	<b>9 AM- 1 PM</b>
<b>THURSDAY</b>	<b>9 AM – 1 PM</b>

(For clinician only)